1	William G. Fig, WSBA 33943 wfig@sussmanshank.com	Honorable James L. Robart	
2	SUSSMAN SHANK LLP 1000 SW Broadway, Suite 1400		
3	Portland, OR 97205-3089 Telephone: (503) 227-1111		
4	Facsimile: (503) 248-0130 Attorney for Plaintiff		
5	, and the second		
6			
7			
8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
9	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WA	ASHINGTON AT SEATTLE	
10	TEN BRIDGES, LLC, a Foreign Limited) Case No. 2:19-CV-01237-JLR	
11	Liability Company, Plaintiff,) MOTION TO ALLOW FILING OF SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT	
12	V.)	
13 14	MIDAS MULLIGAN, LLC, a Washington Limited Liability Company; MADRONA	NOTE ON MOTION CALENDAR:September 25, 2020	
15	LISA, LLC, a Washington Limited Liability Company; and DANIELLE GORE, an individual,)))	
16	Defendants.)	
17	AND RELATED COUNTERCLAIM)	
18			
19	CERTIFICATION		
20	Plaintiff certifies the parties discussed the	issues raised by this motion and were not able to	
21	agree on them. Defendants would not stipulate to the filing of the Second Amended Complaint.		
22	MOTION		
23	Pursuant to FRCP 15 and LCR 15, plaintiff moves the court for an order allowing the filing		
24	of the attached Second Amended Complaint. This motion is supported by the Declaration of		
25	William G. Fig ("Fig Decl.")		
26	///		

1 DISCUSSION

A. Applicable Law.

FRCP 15(a)(2) permits a party to amend a pleading with the opposing party's consent or with leave of court, which should freely be given when justice so requires. Courts will consider prejudice to the other party, bad faith, futility of the amendment, and undue delay when deciding such a motion. *See Jenkins v. Union Pac. R.R.*, 22 F3d 206, 212–213 (9th Cir 1994); *Howey v. United States*, 481 F2d 1187, 1190 (9th Cir 1973).

B. Application of Law to Facts.

Plaintiff and defendants have exchanged written discovery. Fig Decl., ¶ 1. In response to plaintiff's discovery, defendants produced emails between defendants' principal, Matthew Alex Toth, and Ms. Asano and texts between defendant Danielle Gore and Ms. Guandai, and Mr. Thomas. *Id.* A review of the emails showed that Mr. Toth reached out directly to Ms. Asano, via email, to convince her to challenge her agreement with plaintiff and to oppose plaintiff's efforts to redeem the Asano property from defendants. *Id.* at ¶ 3. The discovery further revealed that Ms. Gore reached out directly to Ms. Guandai and Mr. Justin Thomas, via unsolicited texts, to convince them to challenge their respective agreement with plaintiff and to challenge plaintiff's motion for disbursement of surplus funds. *Id.* at ¶ 4. Importantly, defendants had absolutely no connection to Mr. Thomas or the property at issue.

Plaintiff was unaware of these direct communications by defendants and Toth, and the extent thereof, prior to the receipt of defendants' discovery responses and production of documents. *Id.* at ¶ 5. Plaintiff created and propounded a second set of discovery requests to defendants to follow up on the aforementioned contacts and to ascertain whether defendants or Mr. Toth had contacted any other individuals with whom plaintiff was doing, or attempting to do, business. *Id.* at ¶ 7. On July 2, 2020, defendants filed a motion for protective order relating to these new discovery requests. Plaintiff was waiting for defendants' responses to the second round of discovery before seeking to amend its complaint; however, for the reasons set forth below,

plaintiff is requesting permission to file a Second Amended Complaint now, even though there are discovery requests pending. *See Id.*

Plaintiff filed this motion now because the court recently made it clear that, notwithstanding defendants' pending motion to stay, this case needs to proceed forward in a timely manner. Notwithstanding, on August 31, 2020, the court graciously entered an order resetting the trial date to sometime after January 1, 2022, and resetting the associated case management deadlines consistent with the new trial date. As of the date of this motion, these dates had not been set. The new deadline to file amended pleadings is September 30, 2020.

Under the aforementioned circumstances, plaintiff's motion is timely filed. Plaintiff has expeditiously filed its motion to allow the filing of the Second Amended Complaint the week after the August 31 order. Regarding the existing defendants, the Second Amended Complaint refines and expands on plaintiff's existing claims for relief based on information obtained during the first round of discovery. Fig Decl., ¶ 6. The proposed Second Amended Complaint does add a party, Matthew Alex Toth, due to communications between Mr. Toth and Ms. Asano discovered during discovery. Mr. Toth, a principal of defendants Midas Mulligan and Madrona, was well aware of this proceeding and the claims against defendants. Defendants and Mr. Toth will not be prejudiced by the filing of a Second Amended Complaint as there is more than sufficient time and opportunity to pursue discovery and engage in dispositive motion practice. *Id.* at ¶ 8.

19 CONCLUSION

Based on the above, plaintiff respectfully requests the court grant its motion and enter an order allowing the filing of the Second Amended Complaint.

CHICCLAND CHAND II D

DATED this 10th day of September, 2020.

23	SUSSMAN SHANK LLP	
24	By s/ William G. Fig	
25	William G. Fig, WSBA 33943 wfig@sussmanshank.com	
26	Attorney for Plaintiff	

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4				
5				
6	Attorneys for Ten Bridges, LLC			
7				
8				
9	IN THE UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT		
10	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WAS	HINGTON AT SEATTLE		
11	TEN BRIDGES, LLC, a Foreign Limited	Case No. 2:19-cv-01237-JLR		
12	Liability Company, Plaintiff,	(PROPOSED) SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT		
13	V.	(Tortious Interference with Business		
14	MIDAS MULLIGAN, LLC, a Washington	Relationships, Abuse of Process and Injunctive Relief)		
15	Limited Liability Company; MADRONA LISA, LLC, a Washington Limited Liability))		
16	Company; and DANIELLE GORE, an			
17	individual, and MATTHEW A. TOTH, an individual,			
18	Defendants.	,		
19	COMES NOW, Ten Bridges, LLC, by an	d through its attorneys of record, Sussman		
20	Shank, LLP, and alleges against the above-named de	efendants as follows:		
21	INTRODUCTION			
22	1. Plaintiff Ten Bridges, LLC ("TBL") and Defendant Midas Mulligan, LLC			
23	("MML") and Defendant Madrona Lisa, LLC ("Madrona") are direct competitors. TBL, MML			
24	and Madrona all purchase residential property at judicial foreclosure auctions. The companies			
25	also purchase redemption rights and/or the right to surplus proceeds from foreclosed owners and			
26	related parties following the sheriff's sale of a property.			
	2. Over approximately the last seven m	onths, MML and Madrona have purposefully		

SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT - Page 1

1	undertaken wrongful and improper actions to interfere with TBL's contracts with parties for the		
2	purchase of their redemption rights and/or their rights to surplus proceeds, causing direct harn		
3	and damage to	o TBL.	
4	_	PARTIES	
5	3.	Plaintiff TBL is an Oregon Limited Liability Company.	
6	4.	Defendant MML is a Washington limited liability company with its principal	
7	place of business in Woodinville, Washington, which is in King County.		
8	5.	Defendant Madrona is a Washington limited liability company with its principal	
9	place of busin	ess in Spokane, Washington. Madrona does business in western Washington.	
10	6.	Danielle Gore is a representative and principal of MML and Madrona. At all	
11	relevant times	, Ms. Gore was acting as an authorized agent of these entities.	
12	<u>7.</u>	Matthew Alex Toth is a representative and principal of MML and Madrona. At all	
13	relevant times, Mr. Toth was acting as an authorized agent of these entities.		
14	JURISDICTION AND VENUE		
15	<u>8.</u>	7. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332. There is complete	
16	diversity betw	veen the parties. TBL is a citizen of Oregon. TBL's sole member, Demian Heald,	
17	is an Oregon citizen. MML and Madrona are citizens of Washington. Both MML and Madrona		
18	have two members - Matthew Toth and Danielle Gore. Based on information and belief		
19	Danielle Gore and Matthew Toth are both citizens of Washington. The amount at issue exceeds		
20	\$75,000.		
21	<u>9.</u>	8. MML's principal place of business is in King County, Washington. Most of	
22	the circumstan	nces giving rise to TBL's claims in this action against MML and Madrona occurred	
23	in King and/or Snohomish counties and involve properties located in those counties. Venue i		
24	proper in the Western District of Washington.		
25	5 FACTUAL BACKGROUND		
26	<u>10.</u>	9. TBL is a real estate investment firm. Some of TBL's acquisitions take place	

through judicial foreclosure sales where TBL bids on foreclosed residential properties. TBL also acquires redemption rights to foreclosed property and/or rights to surplus proceeds from foreclosed property owners and related parties, which rights entitle TBL to redeem foreclosed properties or collect surplus proceeds, if any, following a judicial foreclosure sale after all secured creditors are satisfied.

- 11. 10. MML and Madrona also acquire property properties directly at foreclosure sales and acquire redemption rights from foreclosed owners and related parties.
- 12. 11. Generally, a foreclosed owner or related party will sell their property rights to TBL when they are interested in receiving an upfront payment quickly, to avoid the cost and expense of redeeming a property or pursing surplus proceeds, or when they are unsure whether any surplus proceeds will remain after the secured debt is satisfied.

MILLSAP SALE

- 13. 42. On or about November 16, 2018, Madrona purchased property located at 17702 115th St. NE, Granite Falls, Washington, at a foreclosure sale (the "115th St. Property"). On January 7, 2019, TBL acquired the Jay Millsap's rights and interest in the 115th St. Property, which included any redemption rights and the right to any surplus proceeds (the "Millsap Sale"). TBL recorded the Quit Claim Deed for the 115th St. Property on January 8, 2019.
- 14. 13. Thereafter, Danielle Gore of, on Madrona's behalf, contacted TBL and told TBL that Madrona was angry because TBL had purchased Jay Millsap's rights in the 115th St. Property. Ms. Gore also told TBL that Mr. Millsap's brother was unhappy with the Millsap Sale and wanted his brother to try to get out of the Millsap Sale. Ms. Gore told TBL that if it did not sell Madrona the redemption rights to the 115th Street Property, Madrona would reach out to Mr. Millsap's brother and encourage him to challenge the Millsap Sale.
- 15. 14. Subsequently, Ms. Gore-of, on Madrona's behalf, contacted TBL's President by phone and threatened to contact the Washington Attorney General's office and the local news media regarding TBL unless TBL sold Madrona the redemption rights to 115th St. Property. Ms.

1	Gore expressly told TBL Madrona would interfere with TBL's existing business relationships and		
2	its future dealings if TBL refused to sell Madrona the redemption rights to the 115th St. Property.		
3	To avoid the threatened interference with its business relationship (and associated costs), TBL sold		
4	Madrona the redemption rights to 115 th St. Property.		
5	GUANDAI SALE		
6	16. On or about March 30, 2018, MML purchased property located at 11532 15 th		
7	Ave. NE #201, Seattle, Washington, owned by Teresa W. Guandai, at a foreclosure sale (the		
8	"Guandai Property").		
9	17. On or about April 1, 2019, Ms. Guandai sold her rights and any interest in the		
10	Guandai Property to TBL pursuant to a Quit Claim Deed. The Quit Claim Deed was recorded on		
11	April 2, 2019. The Quit Claim Deed signed by Ms. Guandai advised her that: (i) she had a right to		
12	hire an attorney; (ii) she was giving up her right to redeem the Guandai Property; (iii) she was		
13	giving up her right to collect surplus proceeds for the Guandai Property; and (iv) TBL would have		
14	the right to collect the surplus proceeds for the Guandai Property.		
15	18. 17. The sale of the Guandai Property resulted in surplus proceeds of \$89,234.72		
16	(the "Guandai Proceeds"). TBL filed a motion to obtain the Guandai Proceeds in Pinehurst Lane		
17	Condominium Assoc. v. Teresa Guandai, Case No. 15-2-26658-6 SEA ("King County Action").		
18	Despite a complete lack of standing to do so, MML objected to TBL's motion and requested that		
19	the Guandai Proceeds be distributed to MML. Following proceedings before a King County		
20	Commissioner, TBL obtained a declaration from Ms. Guandai that she was satisfied with her sale to		
21	TBL and entered into the agreement fully aware of its legal consequences.		
22	19. Thereafter, although the Commissioner denied MML's claim to the Guandai		
23	Proceeds, Danielle Gore, on MML's behalf, contacted Ms. Guandai and actively encouraged her to		
24	challenge and oppose TBL's claim to the Guandai Proceeds. Ms. Gore had a declaration prepared		
25	for Ms. Guandai's signature that completely contradicted Ms. Guandai's prior declarations and the		
26	agreement Ms. Guandai had signed with TRI. Ms. Gare had MMI's counsel file the declaration		

filed in the Kin	g County Action and she instructed Ms. Guandai where and when to show up for the
subsequent hearing on the Guandai Proceeds.	
<u>20.</u>	18. Thereafter, at a At the subsequent hearing regarding the Guandai Proceeds,
Ms. Guandai a	ppeared <u>along</u> with MML's attorney to object to TBL's motion. <u>Even though MML</u>
no longer asser	ted any claim to the Guandai Proceeds, MML, through its counsel, advocated that
Ms. Guandai, n	ot TBL, was entitled to receive the Guandai Proceeds.
<u>21.</u>	The Commissioner awarded Ms. Guandai the Guandai Proceeds. After the hearing,
Ms. Gore, on	MML's behalf, continued to contact Ms. Guandai to ensure she responded to any
appeal of the C	Commissioner's ruling by TBL. Ms. Gore encouraged Ms. Guandai to contact the
NW Justice Pro	pject and presented a declaration that completely contradicted the declaration
she previousl	y signed the Attorney General regarding TBL. Eventually, Ms. Gore referred Ms.
<u>Guandai to M</u>	ML's counsel, Guy Beckett. Litigation is ongoing with respect to the Guandai
Proceeds. Aft	er the ruling by the Superior Court Commissioner in the King County Action,
MML's attorne	ey appeared for <u>on</u> Ms. Guandai <u>'s behalf</u> in TBL's appeal of the Commissioner's
uling.	
<u>22.</u>	19. TBL believes, and therefor avers, upon information and belief, that
MML <u>, through</u>	the actions of its principal, Ms. Gore, caused Ms. Ms. Guandai to seek to rescind
her agreement	with TBL ₇ . Among other things, Ms. Gore induced her Ms. Guandai to sign a false
declaration, and	d is providing legal counselprovided Ms. Guandai with advice and encouragement
to <mark>her to</mark> chall	enge her agreement with TBL and TBL's motion for disbursement of the Guandai
Proceeds, all	n an effort to interfere with the intent and purpose of interfering with TBL's
ousiness relation	onship and agreement with Ms. Guandai, and TBL's legal right to recover the
Guandai Procee	eds.
<u>23.</u>	20. MML's litigation conduct in the King County Action is, and has been, a sham,
and therefore is	s not protected litigation conduct.
THOM	IAS SALE

24.	21. On or about December 28, 2018, a third-party purchased property owned by the	
	n Thomas located at 23432 13th Place, Bothell, Washington at a foreclosure sale (the	
"Thomas Property").		
25.	22. On or about May 9, 2019, Justin Thomas, the sole heir of Benjamin Thomas,	
	s and any interest in the Thomas Property to TBL pursuant to a Quit Claim Deed. Mr.	
Thomas was	represented by an Idaho attorney during negotiations with TBL. The Quit Claim Deed	
	on May 9, 2019.	
<u>26.</u>	23. The sale of the Thomas Property resulted in excess proceeds of \$156,490.44	
(the "Thomas	s Proceeds").	
<u>27.</u>	24. On May 21, 2019, TBL filed a motion seeking to recover the Thomas Proceeds.	
<u>28.</u>	On or about June 6, 2019, Ms. Gore, on behalf of MML and/or Madrona, made	
unsolicited co	ontact with Justin Thomas regarding the Thomas Proceeds despite the fact neither	
MML nor Ma	adrona had any interest in or clam to the Thomas Property or the Thomas Proceeds.	
<u>29.</u>	Ms. Gore relentlessly encouraged and cajoled Mr. Thomas to breach his agreement	
with TBL an	d to object to TBL's motion for disbursement of the Thomas Proceeds. Ms. Gore	
actively follo	wed up with Mr. Thomas to make sure he was undertaking action to oppose TBL's	
motion.		
<u>30.</u>	Ms. Gore also aggressively encouraged Mr. Thomas to contact NW Justice Project	
and the Wash	nington Attorney General regarding TBL and apparently emailed the Attorney General	
regarding TE	BL's motion to disburse the Thomas Proceeds. Eventually, Ms. Gore referred Mr.	
Thomas to M	ML's counsel Guy Beckett.	
<u>31.</u>	25. In response to the motion As a result of Ms. Gore's actions, Justin Thomas	
filed an obje	ction through Washington counsel. The sameto TBL's motion. Mr. Beckett,	
MML's attorney MML retained in the Guandai matter filed a Notice of Association with		
Thomas' co	unsel(and retained by Ms. Guandai to defend TBL's appeal), also represents Mr.	
Thomas in co	ontesting TBL's claim to the Thomas Proceeds.	

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///	
<u>32.</u>	26. TBL believes, and therefor avers, upon information and belief, that MML
convince	MML and/or Madrona, through the actions of their principal, Ms. Gore, contacted Mr.
Thomas <u>fo</u>	r the sole purpose and intent to convinced him to breach his agreement with TBL, and to
object to	TBL's motion to obtain the Thomas Proceeds. Ms. Gore contacted Mr. Thomas for
malicious	purpose of interfering with TBL's business relationship and contract with Mr. Thomas
thereby car	using TBL harm.
AS	ANO SALE
<u>33.</u>	27. On or about March 22, 2019, Madrona purchased 1344 Bellevue Way NE,
# 5, Bellev	ue, WA (the "Asano Property").
<u>34.</u>	28. On or about May 15, 2019, Yukiko Asano ("Asano"), sold and transferred any
and all inte	erest she had in the Asano Property to TBL pursuant to a Quit Claim Deed. Based on the
Quit Clair	n Deed, TBL filed a Notice of Intent to Redeem the Asano Property and tendered
sufficient	funds to the court, King County Case No. 18-2-03471-0 SEA (the "Asano Action").
Madrona o	bjected to TBL's notice claiming, in bad faith, that the Deed executed by Ms. Asano was
void and o	f no legal affect.
<u>35.</u>	29. TBL believes, and therefor avers, upon information and belief, that Madrona
nas <u>had</u> no	good faith basis to object to TBL's Notice to Redeem or to the amount of the
redemption	funds and has only done so to cause TBL harm and to collaterally attack TBL's contract
with <mark>Ms.</mark> A	Asano.
<u>36.</u>	As part of Madrona's efforts to challenge TBL's Notice to Redeem, Michael Toth,
on Madror	na's behalf, made unsolicited contact with Asano and actively encouraged her to breach
<u>her agreen</u>	nent with TBL. Mr. Toth referred Asano to Madrona's counsel, Guy Beckett, to assist
with her ch	nallenge to the May 15, 2019 agreement.
<u>37.</u>	Mr. Toth's actions on Madrona's behalf were taken for the purpose and intent of

_	vith TBL's business relationship and contract with Asano and to cause TBL harm.
The aforeme	entioned interference was also taken to prevent TBL from redeeming the Asano
Property then	reby benefiting Madrona's business interests.
<u>38.</u>	30. Madrona's litigation conduct in the Asano Action is, and has been, a sham,
and therefore	e is not protected litigation conduct.
	FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF
	(Tortious Interference with Business Relationships - Madrona)
<u>39.</u>	31. TBL realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 4415 and
3 through 3	8 of the <u>Second</u> Amended Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
	<u>COUNT I - Millsap</u>
<u>40.</u>	32. As described above in paragraphs 13 through 15, TBL entered into a contract
vith Mr. Mi	llsap wherein he conveyed his rights to, and any interest in, the 115 St. Property to
TBL. In ex	change, TBL compensated Mr. Millsap and performed all conditions required
oursuant to the	he respective agreement.
<u>41.</u>	33. Madrona and Ms. Gore were aware of TBL's contract and business
elationship	with Mr. Millsap and, but for their wrongful interference, TBL had a reasonable
expectation 1	that Mr. Millsap would perform his obligations under the agreement and that TBL
would be ent	itled to redeem the 115 th St. Property.
<u>42.</u>	34. Despite having this knowledge, Madrona, through Ms. Gore, knowingly,
ntentionally	, and without privilege, endeavored and sought to engage in acts which interfered
with TBL's	business relationship with Mr. Millsap to force TBL, under duress, to sell its
redemption 1	rights to the 115 th St. Property to Madrona. Madrona's and Ms. Gore's actions on
behalf of M	adrona were taken with the intentional and improper purpose of causing harm to
TBL, and ca	rried out through improper means, including, but not limited to, threats of alleged
exposure, ne	gative publicity, and threats of interfering with TBL's agreement with Mr. Millsap.
43.	35. Madrona and Gore's tortious interference with TBL's contract with Mr.

Millsa	p, via the actions of Ms. Gore, has caused specific harm to TBL in an amount not less than
the eq	uity in the 115 th St. Property (\$150,000.00), together with other amounts to be proven at
trial.	
	44. 36. As a further result of Madrona's interference with TBL's business
relatio	nships through the act of principal, Ms. Gore, TBL has suffered and will continue to suffer
<u>irrepa</u>	rable injury and loss, and has sustained damages including, but not limited to, loss of
<u>excess</u>	s proceeds, loss of profits and future profits, and loss of good will.
	COUNT II - Asano
	45. As described above in paragraphs 33 through 38, TBL entered into a contract with
<u>Asanc</u>	wherein she conveyed her rights to, and any interest in, the Asano Property to TBL. In
excha	nge, TBL compensated Asano and performed all conditions required pursuant to the
respec	tive agreement.
	46. Madrona and Mr. Toth were aware of TBL's contract and business relationship
with _	Asano and, but for their wrongful interference, TBL had a reasonable expectation that
Asanc	would perform her obligations under the agreement and that TBL would be entitled to
<u>redeer</u>	n the Asano Property and petition the court for any surplus proceeds.
	47. Despite having this knowledge, Madrona, through Mr. Toth, knowingly,
<u>intenti</u>	onally, and without privilege, endeavored and sought to engage in acts which interfered
with '	ΓBL's business relationship and contract with Asano. Mr. Toth's actions on behalf of
<u>Madro</u>	ona were taken with the intentional and improper purpose of causing harm to TBL, and
<u>carrie</u>	d out through improper means, including, but not limited to, contacting Asano and
<u>convii</u>	ncing her to breach her agreement with TBL and oppose TBL's redemption of the Asano
Prope	rty.
	48. Madrona's tortious interference with TBL's contract and business relationship
with A	Asano, via the acts of Mr. Toth, has caused specific harm to TBL in an amount not less than
\$275,0	000.00, together with other amounts to be proven at trial.

1	49. As a further result of Madrona's interference with TBL's business relationships
2	through the actions of its principal, Mr. Toth, TBL has suffered and will continue to suffer
3	irreparable injury and loss, and has sustained damages including, but not limited to, loss of
4	excess proceeds, loss of profits and future profits, and loss of good will.
5	SECOND CLAM FOR RELIEF
6	(Tortious Interference with Business Relationships – Ms. Gore)
7	(Tortious Interference with Business Relationships - MML)
8	50. 37. TBL realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 44 of the
9	Amended Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
10	38. Ms. Gore's tortious interference with TBL's contract with Mr. Millsap has
11	caused specific harm to TBL in an amount not less than the equity in the 115 th St.
12	Property (\$150,000.00), together with other amounts to be proven at trial.
13	THIRD CLAM FOR RELIEF
14	(Tortious Interference with Business Relationships - MML)
15	39. TBL realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 <u>12 and 16</u>
16	through 11 and 15 through 2632 of the Second Amended Complaint as though fully set forth
17	herein.
18	COUNT I - Guandai
19	51. 40. As described above in paragraphs 16 through 23, TBL entered into
20	contracts a contract with Ms. Guandai and Mr. Thomas pursuant to which Ms. Guandai and
21	Mr. Thomas conveyed their property her interests in and rights to the Guandai Property to TBL.
22	In exchange, TBL compensated Ms. Guandai and Mr. Thomas and performed all conditions
23	required pursuant to the respective agreements its agreement with Ms. Guandai.
24	52. 41. MML was and Ms. Gore were aware of these contracts TBL's business
25	relationship and contract with Ms. Guandai and, but for MML's wrongful interference, via its
26	principal, Ms. Gore, TBL had a reasonable expectation that Ms. Guandai and Mr. Thomas

would perfor	rm theirher obligations under the agreementsher agreement with TBL and that
it <u>TBL</u> would	receive the Guandai Proceeds-and the Thomas Proceeds.
<u>53.</u>	42. Despite having this knowledge, MML, through Ms. Gore, knowingly,
ntentionally,	and without privilege, endeavored and sought to engage in acts which intended and
lid induce N	Ms. Guandai and Mr. Thomas to breach their agreementsher agreement with
BL. MMLN	Ms. Gore's actions on MML's behalf were taken with the intentional and improper
ourpose of c	ausing harm to TBL, and carried out through improper means, including, but not
imited to, in	ducing breaches of Ms. Guandai and Mr. Thomas' contracts contract with TBL.
<u>54.</u>	43. MML's tortious interference with TBL's contracts contract with Ms. Guandai
ınd Mr. Tho	omasthrough the actions of its principal, Ms. Gore, caused specific harm to TBL in
n amount n	ot less than the Guandai Proceeds (\$89,234.72), together with other amounts to be
oroven at tria	<u>l.</u>
<u>55.</u>	As a result of MML's interference with TBL's business relationship and contract
vith Ms. Gua	andai, through the actions of Ms. Gore, TBL has suffered and will continue to suffer
rreparable ii	njury and loss, and has sustained damages including, but not limited to, loss of
excess proces	eds, loss of profits and future profits, and loss of good will.
	COUNT II - Thomas
<u>56.</u>	As described above in paragraphs 24 through 32, TBL entered into a contract with
Mr. Thomas	pursuant to which Mr. Thomas conveyed his property rights in the Thomas Property
o TBL. In (exchange, TBL compensated Mr. Thomas and performed all conditions required
oursuant to it	s agreement with him.
<u>57.</u>	MML and Ms. Gore were aware of TBL's business relationship and contract with
Mr. Thomas	and, but for MML's wrongful interference via Ms. Gore, TBL had a reasonable
expectation t	hat Mr. Thomas would perform their obligations under his agreement with TBL and
that TBL wor	uld receive the Thomas Proceeds.

<u>58.</u>	Despite having this knowledge, MML, through Ms. Gore, knowingly,
intentionally,	and without privilege, endeavored and sought to engage in acts which intended and
did induce M	Ir. Thomas to breach his agreement with TBL. Ms. Gore's actions on MML's behalf
were taken w	vith the intentional and improper purpose of causing harm, to TBL, and carried out
through imp	roper means, including, but not limited to, inducing Mr. Thomas to breach his
contract with	TBL.
<u>59.</u>	MML's tortious interference with TBL's business relationship and contract with
Mr. Thomas,	via the actions of Ms. Gore, have caused specific harm to TBL in an amount not
less than the	Guandai Proceeds (\$89,234.72) plus the Thomas Proceeds (\$156,490.44),
together with	other amounts to be proven at trial.
<u>60.</u>	44. As a result of MML's interference with TBL's contracts business relationship
nd contract	with Mr. Thomas, through the acts of its principal, Ms. Gore, TBL has suffered and
vill continue	to suffer irreparable injury and loss, and has sustained damages including, but not
imited to, lo	ss of excess proceeds, loss of profits and future profits, and loss of good will.
	FOURTH THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF
	(Tortious Interference with Business Relationships – Ms. Gore)
<u>61.</u>	TBL realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 32, 39 through
14, and 50 th	rough 60 of the Second Amended Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
	<u>COUNT I - Millsap</u>
<u>62.</u>	As alleged in paragraphs 13 through 15 and 39 through 44 above, Ms. Gore (a)
nowingly, i	ntentionally, and without privilege, endeavored and sought to, and did, engage in
acts which is	nterfered with TBL's business relationship with Mr. Millsap to force TBL, under
uress, to sel	lits redemption rights to the 115th St. Property to Madrona; (b) undertook these acts
with the inte	entional and improper purpose of causing harm to TBL; (c) carried out these acts
through imp	roper means, including, but not limited to, threats of alleged exposure, negative

<u>63.</u>	As a result of Ms. Gore's tortious interference with TBL's business relationship
and contract	with Mr. Millsap, Ms. Gore has: (a) caused specific harm to TBL in an amount not
ess than the	equity in the 115th St. Property (\$150,000.00), together with other amounts to be
oroven at tri	al; and (b) caused TBL to suffer irreparable injury and loss, and damages including,
out not limit	ted to, loss of excess proceeds, loss of profits and future profits, and loss of good
<u>will.</u>	
	COUNT II - Guandai
<u>64.</u>	As alleged in paragraphs 16 through 23 and 50 through 55 above, Ms. Gore (a)
nowingly, i	ntentionally, and without privilege, endeavored and sought to, and did, engage in
acts which	interfered with TBL's business relationship and contract with Ms. Guandai; (b)
ectively soug	ght to induce Ms. Guandai to breach her agreement with TBL; (c) undertook her acts
with the inte	entional and improper purpose of causing harm to TBL; (d) carried out her acts
hrough impi	roper means, including, but not limited to, directly texting Ms. Guandai telling her to
oppose TBL	's motion to disburse the Guandai Proceeds, preparing a declaration for Ms. Guandai
n support of	Such opposition, and instructing her where and when to show up to a hearing.
<u>65.</u>	As a result of Ms. Gore's tortious interference with TBL's business relationship
and contract	with Ms. Guandai, Ms. Gore has: (a) caused specific harm to TBL in an amount not
ess than the	Guandai Proceeds (\$89,234.72), together with other amounts to be proven at trial;
and (b) cause	ed TBL to suffer irreparable injury and loss, and damages including, but not limited
to, loss of pr	ofits and future profits, and loss of good will.
	COUNT III - Thomas
<u>66.</u>	As alleged in paragraphs 24 through 32 and 56 through 60 above, Ms. Gore (a)
knowingly, i	ntentionally, and without privilege, endeavored and sought to, and did, engage in
acts which	interfered with TBL's business relationship and contract with Mr. Thomas; (b)
actively soug	ght to induce Mr. Thomas to breach his agreement with TBL; (c) undertook her acts
with the inte	entional and improper purpose of causing harm to TBL; (d) carried out her acts

through imp	roper means, including, but not limited to, directly texting Mr. Thomas telling him to
	's motion to disburse the Thomas Proceeds, contacting the Attorney General on Mr.
Thomas' bel	nalf, and instructing him how to oppose TBL's motion.
<u>67.</u>	As a result of Ms. Gore's tortious interference with TBL's business relationship
and contract	with Mr. Thomas, Ms. Gore has: (a) caused specific harm to TBL in an amount not
less than the	Thomas Proceeds (\$156,490.44), together with other amounts to be proven at trial:
and (b) cause	ed TBL to suffer irreparable injury and loss, and damages including, but not limited
to, loss of pr	ofits and future profits, and loss of good will.
	FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
	(Toth - Tortious Interference with Business Relationships)
<u>68.</u>	TBL realleges and incorporates by reference the paragraphs 1 through 12, 33
through 38 a	nd 45 through 49 of the Second Amended Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
<u>69.</u>	Mr. Toth, knowingly, intentionally, and without privilege, endeavored and sought
to, and did,	engage in acts which interfered with TBL's business relationship and contract with
Asano. Mr. 7	Toth's actions were taken with the intentional and improper purpose of causing harm
to TBL, and	carried out through improper means, including, but not limited to, contacting Asanc
<u>via email an</u>	d convincing her to breach her agreement with TBL and oppose TBL's redemption
of the Asano	Property.
<u>70.</u>	Mr. Toth's tortious interference with TBL's business relationship and contract
with Ms. As	ano caused: (a) specific harm to TBL in an amount not less than \$275,000, together
with other a	mounts to be proven at trial; and (b) TBL to suffer irreparable injury and loss, and
damages inc	luding, but not limited to, loss of profits and future profits, and loss of good will.
	FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
	(Abuse of Process—MML)
4 5. <u>7</u>	71. TBL realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs 1 through
12 and 16 th	rough 23 of the Second Amended Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

1	46. 72. MML filed an objection claim to the Guandai Proceeds in the King County
2	Action with the ulterior purpose of harassing and harming TBL. That objection is not within the
3	proper scope of process in the King County Action.47. MML's filing an objection in the King
4	County Action, despite lacking standing and despite MML's ulterior purpose, was not a proper
5	act in the regular prosecution of proceedings.
6	48.—73. After MML's claim to the Guandai Proceeds was denied, MML prepared
7	and filed a Declaration for Ms. Guandai in the King County Action with the ulterior purpose of
8	harassing and harming TBL. MML's counsel appeared and argued that Ms. Guandai, not TBL,
9	was entitled to the Guandai Proceeds. MML's actions were not within the proper scope of
10	process in the King County Action. MML's perpetuation of the King County Action—through
11	MML's objection to TBL's motion, asserting its own claim to the Guandai Proceeds and its
12	funding representation of assistance to Guandai in asserting a claim to the Guandai
13	<u>Proceeds</u> —is solely for the purpose of harassing and harming TBL and as such is not a proper act
4	in the regular prosecution of the proceedings.
.5	49. 74. As a proximate result of MML's conduct in relation to the King County Action,
6	MML has damaged TBL in an amount equaling TBL's outlay for legal fees and costs in the King
7	County Action and TBL's appeal of the Commissioner's ruling in that action —an amount not
8	less than \$20,000 and subject to proof at trial in this matter.
9	FIFTH SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
0	(Abuse of Process—Madrona)
1	50. <u>75.</u> TBL realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs <u>1 through 12 and</u>
2	33 through 38 of the Second Amended Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
3	51. 76. Madrona filing an objection to TBL's tender of the redemption proceeds in the
4 -	Asano Action was for the ulterior purpose of harassing and harming TBL. That objection is not
5	within the proper scope of process in the Asano Action.
6	+++

_	52. 77. Madrona's filing an objection in the Asano Action, was for the ulterior purpose of
1	narassing and harming TBL and was not a proper act in the regular prosecution of the Asano
1	Action.
	53. 78. Madrona's involvement in the Asano Action is solely for the purpose of harassing
ć	and harming TBL and as such is not a proper act in the regular prosecution of the proceedings.
	54. 79. As a proximate result of Madrona's conduct in relation to the Asano matter,
	Madrona has damaged TBL in an amount equaling TBL's outlay for legal fees and costs in the
	Asano Action and the appeals arising therefrom—an amount not less than \$10,000 50,000 and
	subject to proof at trial in this matter.
	SIXTHSEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
	(Injunctive Relief)
	55. 80. TBL realleges and incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs of the
	Second Amended Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
	56. 81. TBL has a clear legal and/or equitable right to prohibit MML and Madrona from
21	ngaging in the above-described wrongful conduct because it has protectable rights in its
21	ontractual relationships with parties who sell their redemption rights to TBL. MML and
i	Madrona are intentionally interfering with TBL's contractual and business relationships to the
•	substantial harm, damage, and detriment of TBL.
	57. 82. MML's and Madrona's continued conduct will result in substantial injury to TBL
	because its ability to recover surplus proceeds is a vital component of TBL's business.
	5883. The Court should enter a preliminary injunction to prevent future harm to TBL
	and enter a permanent injunction at trial.
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	PRAYER FOR RELIEF
	WHEREFORE, TBL respectfully requests judgment as follows:

1	1.	On the First Claim for Relief:
2		a. For judgment against Madrona in an amount not less than
3		\$ 150,000.00 425,000.00;
4	2.	On its Second Claim for Relief:
5		a. For judgment against Gore MML in the amount of
6		\$ 150,000.00 245,725.16;
7	3.	On its Third Claim for Relief:
8		a. For judgment against MMLGore in an amount not less than
9		\$ 245,725.16 <u>395,725.16</u> ;
10	4.	On its Fourth Claim for Relief:
11		a. For judgment against MMLToth in an amount not less than
12		\$ 20,000 275,000;
13	5.	On its Fourth Fifth Claim for Relief:
14		a. For judgment against Madrona MML in an amount not less than
15		\$ 10,000 <u>50,000</u> ;
16	6.	On its Sixth Claim for Relief:
17		a. For and judgment against Madrona in an amount not less than \$50,000;
18	<u>7.</u>	On its Seventh Claim for Relief:
19		<u>a.</u> <u>For an</u> order temporarily and permanently enjoining MML and Madrona
20		from improperly interfering with TBL's economic and prospective economic
21		relations; and
22	<u>8.</u>	7. For such other relief as the court deems just and proper.
23	Dated	d this 2710 th day of AugustSeptember, 20192020.
24		
25		SUSSMAN SHANK LLP
26		By <u>/s/ William G. Fig</u> William G. Fig, WSBA 33943

1		Attorneys Attorney for Plaintiff Ten Bridges, LLC
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Insertions	219
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Style change	0
Format changed	0
Total changes	360

1	<u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>
2	THE UNDERSIGNED certifies:
3	1. My name is Joanna M. Bolstad. I am a citizen of Clackamas County, state of
4	Oregon, over the age of eighteen (18) years and not a party to this action.
5	2. On September 10, 2020, I caused to be delivered via the court's ecf system , a copy
6	of MOTION TO ALLOW FILING OF SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT to the interested
7	parties of record, addressed as follows:
8	Guy W. Beckett
9	BERRY & BECKETT, PLLP
,	1708 Bellevue Ave. Seattle, WA 98122
10	gbeckett@beckettlaw.com
11	
12	Attorneys for Defendants/Counterclaimants
13	I SWEAR UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY that the foregoing is true and correct to the
14	best of my knowledge, information, and belief.
15	s/ Joanna M. Bolstad
16	Joanna M. Bolstad, Legal Assistant
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